## **EDUCATION-NEWS CONSULT 2024 BECE HOME MOCK**

### **ENGLISH LANGUAGE 1 & 2**

1 HR 45 MIN

| Name        |
|-------------|
|             |
|             |
|             |
| ndex Number |





### EDUCATION-NEWS CONSULT - DODOWA, ACCRA

Enhancing student performance through quality assessment

EDUCATION-NEWS CONSULT MOCK – 2024 EDITION FOR 2024 BECE

Call us on 0550360658 to register your school or ward for our monthly result focused mocks set by top examiners

### **SPECIAL PERFORMANCE BOOSTER - MOCK 3**

JANUARY 2024 **ENGLISH LANGUAGE 1 HR, 45 MINS** 

Do not open this booklet until you are told to do so. While you are waiting, read and observe the following instructions carefully. Write your name and index number in ink in the spaces provided above.

This booklet consists of two papers; I and II. Answer Paper 2 which comes first in your answer booklet and Paper 1 on your Objective Test answer sheet. Paper 2 will last for 1 hour, after which the answer book let will be collected. Do not start Paper until you are told to do so. Paper 1 will last 45 minutes.

#### **VERY IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Read through the questions, brainstorm and plan your answers before you finally answer them. This is one of the good ways to manage your time in an exam and to do well.
- 2. Write clearly, use simple expressions and provide the best answers possible.
- 3. Write answers that provide additional information. If you just list answers or provide one to three worded answers, your will fail the paper.
- 4. Do well to explain your answers to help earn full marks. Check your units of measurement, spellings, grammar and read over your work before submitting.
- 5. Write question numbers boldly, start every new major question (answers) on a new page.
- 6. Do not rewrite the full question before answering. Only write the question number.
- 7. Show workings in all instances in section B if the question involves calculations.

#### ENGLISH LANGUAGE 1 HOUR 45 MINUTES

### PAPER 2

This paper consists of three parts: **A, B** and **C**. Answer **three** questions in all; **one** question from Part A and all the questions in Part B and C. Answer all the questions in your answer booklet. Credit will be given for clarity of expression and orderly presentation of material

PART A ESSAY WRITING [30 MARKS]

Answer one question only from this part.

# Answer one question only from this part. Your composition should be about 250 words long.

- 1. Write your arguments for or against the topic: "BECE is not important"
- 2. You were recently elected prefect in your school. Narrate the processes you went through before the election.
- 3. As the principal speaker for the motion "Religious and moral education as a subject has outlived its usefulness", write your arguments.

# PART B COMPREHENSION [30 MARKS]

# 4. Read the following passage carefully and answer all the questions that follow.

There is a misconception by some pupils that school rules are made to either restrict the freedom of learners or bring learners to book when they <u>violate</u> the rules. Most of the students in the Basic and Senior High Schools are <u>minors</u> and so are <u>vulnerable</u>. It is for these reasons that school authorities leave no stone unturned to check the activities of learners.

One Friday afternoon, during sports at one of the prominent senior high schools in the country, five of the students sneaked out of school to town to catch a glimpse of a renowned artist who was on tour. They over stayed. When it dawned on them to return to school, they decided to use an unapproved route. It was a public cemetery which was close to their school. They walked cautiously for fear of ghosts. Suddenly, they heard some strange noises. It was some ritualists. Thinking that they were ghosts, the students doubled up. The student at the <u>rear</u> stepped heavily on an **age-long** grave which collapsed.

The right leg was stuck in the hole. Try as he did, the leg remained. The more he tried to bring the leg, the worse the pain. He moaned and moaned till he was completely exhausted. Few hours later, the other colleagues who escaped boldly came back to the cemetery to find the fate of their colleague. He was found in tears with the leg still planted in the hole. He was helped and the leg brought out with deep cuts. He was treated at a hospital and discharged. The school authorities got the wind of it and gave him a severe punishment which made him to regret entirely. His parents were heavily disappointed in him for putting up such an unscrupulous behavior. The experience haunted him and he had no option but to be transferred to another school. It was a lesson to his friends.

- a. i. State the two reasons why school rules are made according to the writer.
  - ii. What did the five students go to town to do?
  - iii. What activities were going on in the school?
- b. i. Why do you think the students did not use the main entrance to the school? ii. Why did the grave collapse when the student stepped on it?
- c. "He moaned and moaned..." what had happened to the student?
- d. Mention two ways the other colleagues offered their support to their friend.
- e. Explain the following expressions in your own words.
  - i. bring learners to book
  - ii. leave no stone unturned
  - iii. it dawned on them
- f. For each of the following words, give another word or phrase that means the same and can fit into the passage.
  - i. violate
  - ii. minors
  - iii. vulnerable
  - iv. rear
  - v. age-long

### PART C LITERATURE [10 MARKS]

# Answer all the questions in this part. SACKEY J.A. and DARMANI L. (COMP.): The Cockcrow

5(a) to 5(j) are based on one of the prescribed short stories, poems or drama for your study. Provide short answers to them.

Read the extract below and answer questions a-c

### PETER PAUL ADOLINAMA: Ripples

Amina had lived in perpetual fear of fiery temper but Mama Adamu knew that his bark was worse than his bite. (pg. 80)

- a. Who is referred to as he in the above extract?
- b. The whole extract illustrates......
- c. The expression, his bark was worse than his bite means......

Read the extract below and answer questions d-e.

#### LAWRENCE DARMANI: Scribbler's Dream

The dream in your mind fills the shelf
When upon the shelf you gaze vacuum stares at you

- d. What dream is the above talking about?
- e. What literary device is used in "vacuum stares at you?"

#### AMA ATA AIDOO: Makola

Move out of the way, move out I say shouts the cart pusher
None cares about his agitation
The sweat runs down his face, tiny rivulets of disappointment and fear

- f. The poet uses which literary device throughout the poem to give readers a visual appreciation of the issues?
- g. What literary device is used in the following line: The sweat runs down his face?
- h. What literary device is used in first and second lines?

#### KEN SARO WIWA: Home Sweet Home

Its driver was a 'son of the soil, that is to say, his umbilical cord was buried in Dukana.

(pg.175)

in

- i. What literary device is used in the above extract?
- j. The 'Its' in the above extract refers to..........

# PAPER 1 OBJECTIVE TEST

**Answer All Questions** 

Each question is followed by four options lettered A to D. Find out the correct option for each question and shade in pencil on your answer sheet the answer space which bears the same letter as the option you have chosen. Give only one answer to each question.

# SECTION A LEXIS AND STRUCTURE

From the alternatives lettered A to D, choose the one which suitably completes each sentence.

| 1. I heard the ne   | ews the | e radio. A. from              | B. on | C. at   | D. |  |  |
|---|---------|-------------------------------|-------|---------|----|--|--|
|   |         | ock of his wife's<br>C. after |       |         |    |  |  |
| 3. These days wealth appears to be easy. A. having acquired B. to have acquired C. acquiring D. to be acquiring |         |                               |       |         |    |  |  |
|   |         | the two of them.<br>C. across |       | nong    |    |  |  |
| 5. The story he t<br>A. Can he  |         | true?<br>C. Can it            | D. Co | uld it  |    |  |  |
| 6. The lady   |         | w.<br>C. arrives              | D.    | arrived | 1  |  |  |

|   | n't like it? B. would he C. wouldn't he D. will he   |
|---|--|
|   | you I to the police. report B. am reporting C. have reported D. shall report   |
| A. siste<br>B. siste<br>C. siste  | rlike you very much.<br>r-in -law<br>rs -in-laws<br>r-in-laws<br>rs-in-law   |
| 11 of A. Where  | f the two pencils is yours?  B. Which C. Whose D. Who  |
| 12. The ne  | w student made a good impression the rest of the class.  B. with C. for D. at  |
| A. one ano  14 A. Althou  | I prepare the food, please set the table. gh B. Since C. While D. When   |
|   | the competition when we arrived. B. have begun C. had begun D. begin   |
| A. begun  | •  |
| A. begun Choos  | B. have begun C. had begun D. begin  SECTION B  e from the alternative from letter A to D the one which is nearest in meaning to the underlined word in each sentence.  urt restrained the company from laying off the striking workers.   |
| A. begun  Choose  16. The coor  A. persuad  | SECTION B  e from the alternative from letter A to D the one which is nearest in meaning to the underlined word in each sentence.  curt restrained the company from laying off the striking workers.  ded B. compelled C. cajoled D. prevented ear's budget was designed to consolidate the gains of the economic regramme.  |
| A. begun  Choose  16. The cort A. persuad  17. This year recovery property and diversify                          | SECTION B  e from the alternative from letter A to D the one which is nearest in meaning to the underlined word in each sentence.  The restrained the company from laying off the striking workers.  The B. compelled C. cajoled D. prevented  The restrained the company from laying off the striking workers.  The B. compelled C. cajoled D. prevented  The restrained the gains of the economic regramme.  The B. protect C. strengthen D. reclaim  The is indolent looking at his performance.  |
| A. begun  Choose  16. The cort A. persuad  17. This yes recovery properties A. diversify  18. Mensal A. trustwork | SECTION B  e from the alternative from letter A to D the one which is nearest in meaning to the underlined word in each sentence.  curt restrained the company from laying off the striking workers.  ded B. compelled C. cajoled D. prevented  car's budget was designed to consolidate the gains of the economic rogramme.  B. protect C. strengthen D. reclaim  the is indolent looking at his performance.  The protect D. lazy  the indolent looking at his performance.  The protect D. lazy  The protect D. lazy  The protect D. lazy  The protect D. lazy  The protect D. lazy |

# **SECTION C**

In each of the following sentences a group of words has been underlined. Choose from the alternatives letter A to D the one that **best explains** the underlined group of words.

| C  | i words.                               |                                   |                        |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 21. Nhyira was <b>on tenterhooks</b> until This means that Nhyira was A. unhappy about the examination   |  |                                   | nnounced.  D. detained |
| <ul><li>22. James is good company but he so:</li><li>James</li><li>A. enjoys music</li><li>B. praises himself</li><li>C. disregards others</li><li>D. is an expert in playing the trump</li></ul>  |  | <b>s trumpet</b> . Ti             | his means              |
| 23. The cashier wanted <b>to pull the we</b> money I didn't receive. This means the A. blindfold me B. rub my eyes with cotton wool C. deceive me D. have my support   |  |                                   | ne sign the            |
| 24. On a crucial issue like this, I am sefence. This means that Peter will  A. speak out his true feelings B. not commit himself C. be relaxing instead of speaking out D. sit on the wall between the two parts.  | t                                      | usual, <u><b>will s</b></u>       | it on the              |
| 25. Both the <b>doves and the hawks</b> agareement by both  A. those who prefer peace and those B. the poor and the rich C. the government side and the opportunity of the poor and the supporting changes and the poor and the supporting changes and the supporting changes and the supporting changes and the supportunity of the | who want the use                       |                                   | that there is          |
| From the list of words lettered A to opposite in meaning to the  |  |                                   | -                      |
| 26. The old car is <b>durable</b> while the near A. haggard B. fragile   |  | D. delicate                       |                        |
| 27. The minister was accused of maki<br>thananxiety among the citizens.<br>A. modify B. inculcate  | ng utterances tha<br>C. diminish       | t could <b>incre</b><br>D. remove | <b>ase</b> rather      |
| 28. The Americans used <b>sophisticate</b> A. simple B. modernized   | <b>d</b> weapons in the C. destructive | _                                 |                        |
| 29. Ben was more <u>liberal</u> to us than h. A. accommodating B. intimida   |  | ring D.                           | displeasing            |
| 30. The motorists said the splashing of  | of the water was                       | not <b>deli</b>                   | herate                 |

C. avoidable

A. intentional

B. unnecessary

D. incidental